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Notification dated 26th August 1956.

No. M.C.P.R. 97—56-57. It is hereby notified for the information of the inhabitants of Manchenahalli Town including Bandiramanahalli and Buddivantanahalli Branch Towns, that the Municipal Council, Manchenahalli have resolved at their meeting held on 26th August 1956 to introduce the Model Bye-laws for regulating licensing and inspecting the conduct of Bakeries, Sweetmeat Shops, Hotels, Restaurants, Tea and Coffee Houses, Milk Bars, Aerated Waters and Ice Manufacturing places under Section 48 (1) (*b*) (IV) of Mysore Town Municipalities Act, 1951.

Objections or suggestions, if any, to the proposed Bye-laws may be preferred in writing to the President, Town Municipal Council, Manchenahalli within one month from the date of this Notification. Objections or suggestions received after the specified period will not be considered.

The draft Bye-laws referred to above are available in the Municipal Office and they can be looked into during working hours on office days.

K. H. VENKAT REDDY,
President.

BYE-LAWS.

Bye-laws for regulating, licensing and inspecting the conduct of bakeries, sweetmeat shops, hotels, resturants, tea and coffee houses, milk bars and aerated waters and ice manufacturing places.

Bye-laws framed by the Manchenahalli Town Municipal Council, under Section 48 (1) (b) I of M.T.M.A. 1951.

DEFINITION.

Bakery and Sweetmeat shops means and includes any building or part of a building where bread, biscuits, cakes, confectionery and sweets are manufactured or kept for sale.

Hotel means and includes any eating house or place where cooked rice, mutton, poultry, vegetable stalls and confectionery or refreshments including chapaties, rice, cakes, tea and coffee, etc., are prepared and sold for boarders, travellers or other persons.

Restaurant means and includes any building or part of a building where coffee, tea, cocoa and other drinks are prepared and articles of food are kept for sale.

Aerated Waters Factory means and includes any building or part of a building where aerated waters, sherbatts, etc., are manufactured and kept for sale.

Milk Bars means and includes any building or part of a building where milk or milk products are kept for sale.

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1. All bakeries, sweetmeat shops, hotels, restaurants (other than a students' hostel under public and recognised control), tea and coffee houses, ice and aerated water manufacturing places within the Town shall be subject to license by the President of the Municipality.

2. Any person using or wishing to use any premises for any of the above purposes, shall apply to the President for a license. The President may in his discretion or on the recommendation of the Health Inspector, grant suspend, or refuse such license for infringement of any of the conditions attached to license, or whenever on grounds of public health or safety such action be considered necessary.

3. Application should be made to President within fifteen days of the commencement of each official year for the renewal of all licenses granted under these bye-laws and in the case of place to be newly opened a fortnight before such place is proposed to be opened. The license granted shall expire on 31st March of every year during which it was issued. But the currency of a license may be renewed previous to its expiration and on payment of a second fee.

4. The following fees shall be charged for licenses granted under the bye-laws.

HOTELS, RESTAURANTS, COFFEE, TEA AND MILK HOUSES.

Class	*License Fees.* Rs.	*Remarks:*
1st	50	If the monthly income is estimated to be Rs. 500 and above.
2nd	25	If the monthly income is estimated to be Rs. 300 and above and less than Rs. 500.
3rd	20	If the monthly income is estimated to be Rs. 200 and above and less than Rs. 300.
4th	10	If the monthly income is estimated to be Rs. 100 and above and less than Rs. 200.
5th	6	Whose monthly income is Rs. 99 and below.
	BAKERIES AND SWEETMEAT SHOPS.	
1st	10	If the monthly income exceeds Rs. 100.
2nd	8	If the monthly income is between Rs. 50 and Rs. 100.
	ICE MANUFACTURING PLACES.	
1st	10	If the monthly income exceeds Rs. 100.
2nd	8	If the monthly income is between Rs. 50 and Rs. 100.

AERATED WATER MANUFACTURING

Class	*License fees* Rs.	*Remarks*
1st	10	If the monthly income is Rs. 100
2nd	8	If the monthly income is between Rs. 50 and Rs. 100

(*a*) Provided that if the applicant satisfied the President that it is opened for a special occasion or for a period not exceeding one fortnight, the President shall have power to exempt the applicant wholly or partly from the payment of fee.

(*b*) Provided also, that no refund shall be made of the amount already paid on account of such license except under the President's orders recorded in writing.

5. Whoever without obtaining a license as required by these, who uses any place for the purposes mentioned in class I shall be liable on conviction before a Magistrate to a fine not exceeding Rs. 50 and to a further fine to which he may extend to Rs. 5 for every day after such conviction during which he continues to use such place for such purpose.

6. If the holder of any license under these Bye-laws employ any person or persons to be in charge of the place for which such license is granted such person or persons shall be equally liable with the license for the observance of all conditions attached to such license.

7. The following conditions shall be attached to all licenses granted under these Bye-laws:

1. GENERAL.

1. All premises used as bakeries, sweetmeat shops, hotels, restaurants, tea and coffee houses, ice and aerated water manufacturing places shall satisfy these following conditions:—

(*a*) The premises shall be sufficiently spacious and suitable for the purpose and every room shall be not less than 8×8×10 feet.

(*b*) The premises shall have water conditions if the President, Vice-President or Health Officer thinks that the business is carried on a large scale. The receptacles for the storage of water shall be placed on an elevated place above the ground level and provided with tap for the water to be drawn having a suitable lid.

(*c*) The walls of every such premises shall be rendered impervious by cement plastering or otherwise to the extent of four feet from the ground level and the rest plastered with chunam and whitewashed half yearly or as often required by the President or Vice-President, Health Inspector, the whole floor, shall be either cement or paved with cudapa slabs with cement pointing and sufficient drainage provided.

(*d*) No persons shall, in connection with a hotel etc., use a kitchen, dining room, refreshment room, or bed room, a place surcharged with offensive smell arising from a privy urinal, cesspool sewer or any other insanitary source and he shall locate the kitchen at such a distance from the room where customers are served or lodged, so that such room shall be entirely free from smoke or any unpleasant and oppressive smell.

2. Every licensee shall keep the premises very clean and thoroughly wash or cause to be washed every utensil and other furniture at least twice daily.

3. He shall allow only servants that are dressed in uniform and accustomed to attend on customers.

4. He shall at all hours, while such place is open allow the President, Vice-President, Health Inspector, Chief Officer, Health Committee Members or other municipal servants deputed by the President or the Vice-President to enter the premises and inspect the space, utensils, articles of food or drink or furniture and shall comply with the directions that the President or the Vice-President or Health Officer, Health Committee Members, or Chief Officer or Health Inspector may give in writing for securing cleanliness, light and air.

5. He shall provide, stock or offer for sale only such articles or food and drink, as are fresh, good, wholesome and fit for human consumption.

6. President, Vice-President, the Health Officer, the Health Inspector or any other Officer authorised by the President shall remove or cause to be rmoved from such place, articles of food or drink which are unsound, unwholesome, or unfit for human consumption and if necessary prosecute the licensee for breaking the Bye-law.

7. No person shall with unwashed or unclean hands touch any articles of food or drink placed for sale.

8. The license should be hung in a prominent place in the premises.

9. Every person should obtain medical certificate issued by the Assistant Surgeon proving that he is free from contagious disease or infections.

10. Any person breaking the above Bye-law shall be punished on conviction, before a Magistrate with a fine not exceeding Rs. 50 and the breach of the above rules or bye-laws will entail the suspension or withdrawal of the license.

II. SPECIAL.

(*a*) MANUFACTURE OF BREAD AND SWEETMEATS.

1. The flour, sugar, ghee, water and other materials used in the manufacture of bread and sweetmeat shall be good and wholesome. There shall be a separate store-room or receptacle for flour, sugar and no flour or sugar shall be kept lying on the floor or against any wall in any parts of a bakery or sweetmeat shop.

2. No person suffering from a contagious or any infectious or loathsome diseases or who has been recently in attendance on a person suffering from some disease or who is unwashed or otherwise unclean shall be employed in a bakery or a sweetmeat shop and all kneaders engaged in kneading shall wear white clean linen or cotton aprons to cover entirely the front part of the body from neck to knees.

3. No person shall be employed in any bakery or sweetmeat shops, unless he produces a certificate that he is free from a contagious or loathsome disease at the time of his employment and thereafter at such intervals as may be prescribed by the Health Officer or the Health Inspector. The certificate should be produced for the inspection of the President, Vice-president, Health Committee Members, the Health Officer or the Health Inspector whenever it is required by them for purposes of inspection.

4. No person shall soil the kneading table in any way.

5. No person shall transport for sale, bread or sweetmeat from any one place to any other place, except in a closed vehicle or in a closed basket, tin or other receptacle. Every such vehicle or basket, tin or other receptacle shall at all times be kept thoroughly clean and no person shall commit any act which may tend to render any bread or sweetmeat which is being transported dirty or unwholesome.

6. All papers and leaves used for wrapping bread, sweets, etc., shall be clean and stored in a clean rack.

7. Bread, sweets, etc., shall be stored and kept for sale in glass show cases with glass lids, to prevent contamination from flies, dust and bad odours.

8. It shall be lawful for the Health Officers, the President, Vice-President, Health Committee Members, Chief Officer and Health Inspector to enter any place used for the manufacture or sale of bread, sweets, etc., at any time when such place is opened to inspect or take a sample of any kind of bread, sweets or any other articles of food manufactured or kept for sale. Such samples shall be examined by the Health Inspector or Health Officer and if a certificate from him indicates that such sample is unfit for human consumption, it shall be evident that it is so unfit till the contrary is proved.

9. Any infringement of any of the above bye-laws shall render the offender liable, on conviction before a Magistrate to a fine not exceeding Rs. 50 and to a further fine not exceeding Rs. 5 for every day after such conviction during which such infringement continues, provided that total amount of the fine shall not exceed Rs. 500.

(*b*) HOTELS, RESTAURANTS, TEA, COFFEE AND MILK HOUSES.

1. Kitchen and bath room shall have proper ventilation and be provided with suitable smoke vents so that smoke may not pervade into the dwelling rooms. All rooms in eating houses shall be well lighted and ventilated.

2. The proprietor or the person in charge shall not allow persons to dine in any other place but the dining hall.

3. All utensils and other furniture shall be kept clean and all metallic vessels used in the cooking or keeping food stuffs shall have a continual lining of tin and no lead vessels of any sort shall be used for any purposes. All reasonable precautions shall be taken to preserve cooked food pastry, sweetmeats, confectionery or preserved dried or cut fruit intended for human consumption from flies, dust and bad odours and they shall be kept only in glass cases. All cups and saucers used for serving shall be sterilised in boiling water after each service.

4. No food stuff or any sort which is stale, unwholesome offensive or in any way unfit for human consumption shall be stored or exposed for sales in the premises.

5. All refuse and dirt in and about the premises shall be swept off and the drains well flushed and the premises at all times maintained in clear and tidy condition. They shall be kept clean and nightsoil covered with ashes or earth and removed daily.

6. No person suffering from contagious or an infectious or a loathsome disease, or who has recently been in attendance on any person suffering from such disease or who is unwashed or otherwise unclean shall be employed in an eating house.

7. No person shall be employed in an eating house unless he produces a certificate that he is free from a contagious, infectious, or loathsome disease at the time of his employment thereafter at such intervals as may be prescribed by the Health Officer. The certificate should be produced for the inspection of the President, the Health Officer, or the Health Inspector whenever it is required by them for purposes of inspection.

8. All premises and cooked and uncooked food stuffs and vessels shall at all times be open to inspection by the President, Vice-President, Health Committee Members, Health Officer, Chief Officer and the Health Inspector or other officer authorised on their behalf.

9. All cases of dangerous and infectious diseases such as cholera, plague and eruptive fevers such as small-pox, chicken-pox, measles and fevers of more than seven days' duration occurring in any hotel, restaurant, tea and coffee houses shall be notified to the President forthwith.

10. If a case of small-pox, cholera, plague, influenza or relapsing fever occurs in or near the hotel or eating house, the proprietor shall close the same as long as the President or the Health Officer deems it necessary.

11. Any infringement of any of the bye-laws shall render the offender liable on conviction before a Magistrate to a fine not exceeding Rs. 50 and to a further fine not exceeding Rs. 5 for every day after such conviction during which such infringement continues, provided that the total amount of the fine shall not exceed Rs. 500.

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(c) MANUFACTURE OF ICE

1. There shall be water connection from the public water supply to the factory.

2. The water used for manufacturing ice shall be pure and shall not be carried in massacks or in any other vessels not approved by the President or Health Officer.

3. Ice factory premises shall be kept in a state of scrupulous cleanliness and thoroughly drained of all waste.

4. It shall be lawful for the President, the Vice-President, Health Committee members, Health Officer, Chief Officer and the Health Inspector to enter any place used for the manufacturing or sale of ice at any time and to inspect or take a sample of ice which is manufactured there or kept for sale. Such samples shall be examined by the Health Officer, and if a certificate from him states that such sample is unfit for human consumption, it shall be evidence that it is so unfit until the contrary is proved.

5. Any infringement of any of the above Bye-laws shall render the Proprietor or the person in charge of the place liable on conviction before a Magistrate to a fine not exceeding Rs. 20 and to a further fine not exceeding Rs. 5 for every day after such conviction during which such infringement continues, provided that the total amount of fine shall not exceed Rs. 500.

(d) MANUFACTURE OF AERATED WATERS.

1. There shall be water connection from the public water supply to the factory premises.

2. The water should be filtered and the filtering vessels and materials shall be sterilised at such times and in such manner as the President or Health Officer may direct.

3. All water to be used for washing bottles shall be stored in closed iron vessels and to be treated before use with permanganate of potassium in such manner as the President may direct.

4. The room in which aerated waters are manufactured shall be properly roofed and kept clean and in good repair; the walls shall be plastered with mortar and shall be lime washed at least once in three months, the floor shall be flagged, tiled or cemented so as to be impervious to water and shall be properly drained.

5. The water used for the manufacture of aerated waters shall be pure and shall not be carried in massacks or in any other vessels not approved by the President or Health Officer.

6. The premises and all the appliances used in the manufacture shall be open to inspection at all reasonable times by the President, the Vice-President, health committee members, the Health Officer, the Health Inspector or any other Municipal Officer authorised by the President.

7. No aerated waters of any kind shall be issued from the manufactory without having a proper label and a new mouth piece on each bottle, giving full name and address of the manufacturer.

8. It shall be lawful for the President, the Vice-President, Health Committee Members, the Health Officer, the Chief Officer or the Health Inspector or any Municipal Officer authorised by the President to enter any place, used for the manufacture of sale of aerated waters at any time and to inspect or take a sample of bottles any kind of aerated waters which are there manufactured or kept for sale. Samples shall be examined by the Health Officer and if a certificate from him states that such sample is unfit for human consumption it shall be evidence that it is so unfit until the contrary is proved.

9. Any infringement of any of the above Bye-laws shall render the Proprietor or the person in charge of the place liable on conviction before a Magistrate to a fine not exceeding Rs. 20 and to a further fine not exceeding Rs. 5 for every day after such conviction during which such infringement continues, provided that the total amount of the fine shall not exceed Rs. 500.

Notification dated 26th August 1956.

No. M. C. P. R. 97—56-57. It is hereby notified for the information of the inhabitants of Manchenahalli Town including Bandiramanahalli and Buddivantanahalli Branch Towns, that the Municipal Council, Manchenahalli, have resolved at their meeting held on 26th August 1956 to introduce the Model Rules, prescribing the fees to be charged for licences for the use of any place, as hotels, restaurants, eating houses, coffee houses or bakery, boarding or lodging house, sweetmeat shops, for the manufacture of ice, aerated water, framed under Section 46 (1) (*h*) of the Town Municipalities Act, 1951.

Objections or suggestions if any to the proposed Bye-laws may be preferred in writing to the President, Town Municipal Council, Manchenahalli, within one month from the date of this Notification. Objections or suggestions received after the specified period will not be considered.

The draft Bye-laws referred to above are available in the Municipal Office and they can be looked into during working hours on office days.

Rules prescribing the fees to be charged for licenses granted for the use of any place as a hotel, restaurant eating house, coffee house, or bakery, boarding house or lodging house or sweetmeat shop or for the manufacture of ice areated waters in Manchenahalli Municipal limits under Section 46 (*i*) (*h*) of the Mysore Town Municipalities Act, 1951.

1. For every license granted under the Bye-laws of the Manchenahalli Town Municipality for the use of any place as a Hotel, Restaurant, Eating House, Coffee House or Sweetmeet Stall, Bakery, Boarding House or Lodging House or for Manufacture of Ice or Aerated water, fees shall be charged at the rates specified in the Schedule to these rules, provided that the Municipal President shall have the power to remit the license fee wholly or partially in the case of a license granted for a special occasion and for a period not exceeding a fortnight.

2. The full license fee shall be paid in advance before the issue of the license; provided that every application for a license shall be accompained by the fee which according to the applicant is chargeable in respect of the license applied for.

3. (*i*) In case of any doubt regarding the fee chargeable in respect of any license, the President shall determine the fee after such inquiry or investigation as he may deem necessary.

(*ii*) The applicant for the license shall furnish the President all such information as he may, by means of a written notice, require for the purpose of the aforesaid inquiry and shall produce all such documents in his possession or power as the President may require for such inquiry.

4. If the license is refused the fee paid by the applicant for the license shall be refunded, provided a claim for refund is referred within three months from the date of service of an endorsement the grant of the license.

SCHEDULE.

Fees chargeable in respect of every license for the use of a place in the Town Municipality as a Hotel, Restaurant, Eating House, Boarding or Lodging House, Coffee House, Sweetmeat Shop, Bakery or for Manufacture of Ice or Aerated waters.

PURPOSE OF LICENSE.

1. Hotel, Boarding House or Lodging House, Eating House, Tea or Coffee House: the fee payable per year shall be equal to the municipal assessment of the premises or portion of the premises wherein the business is carried on, subject to a maximum of Rs. 100 per annum.

2. Bakery or Sweetmeat Shop: a maximum of Rs. 10 per annum.

3. Ice or Aerated water Manufactory: Rs. 10 per annum.